

Screening of Fentanyl Analogs in Whole Blood using LC-QTOF Analysis

Kaitlyn Palmquist, BS, Madeleine J. Swortwood, PhD

Department of Forensic Science, College of Criminal Justice, Sam Houston State University, Huntsville, TX, USA

Disclosure

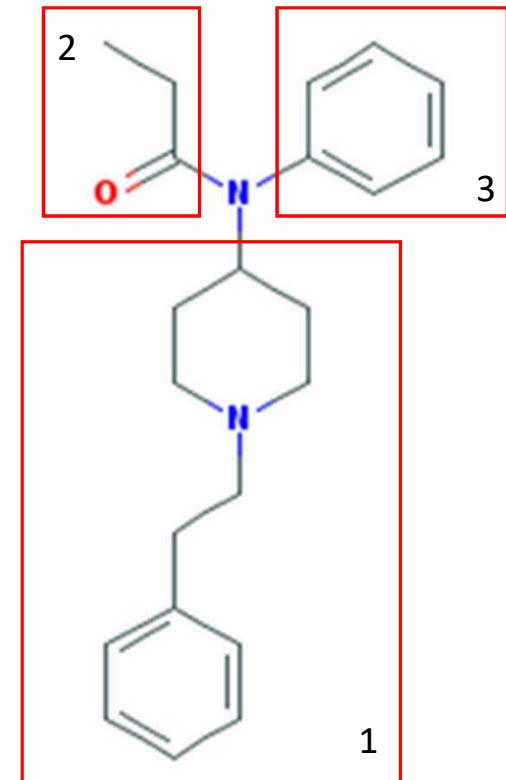


FSF Lucas Research Grant Recipient

Fentanyl Analogs

Fentanyl Analogs

- Introduction into illicit drug market as cutting agents for heroin
- Up to 10,000x potency of morphine
 1. phenylethyl piperidine
 2. propanamide
 3. phenyl groups
- Temporarily placed under Schedule I
- Increase in opioid related deaths



Previous Research

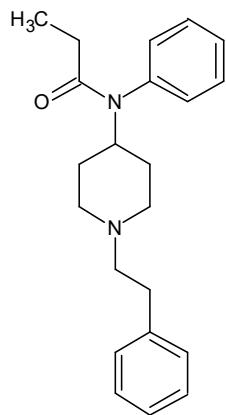
- Gergov et al. (2009)
 - Simultaneous detection and quantification of 25 opioids (9 fentanalogs) using LC-MS/MS
- Verplaetse et al. (2010)
 - Detection of fentanyl and metabolite using UHPLC-MS/MS
 - Use of SPE
- Viaene et al. (2016)
 - Quantification of 16 opioids in plasma using LC-QQQ & LC-QTOF
- Shoff et al. (2017)
 - Screening method for 44 opioids (13 fentanalogs) using LC- Ion trap MS

Need for...

- (1) advanced screening methods to distinguish similar structure fentanyl analogs using high resolution mass spectrometry
- (2) an optimized solid phase extraction protocol

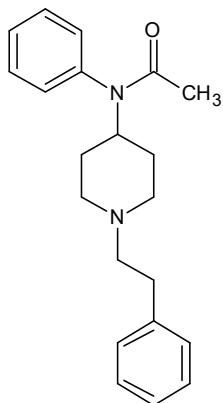
Objectives

- Develop a method for the comprehensive screening of 14 fentanyl analogs using LC-QTOF
- Optimize an SPE extraction for fentanyl analogs from whole blood
- Validate the method according to SWGTOX guidelines for screening methods
- Apply validated method to authentic case samples previously testing positive for fentanyl or analogs



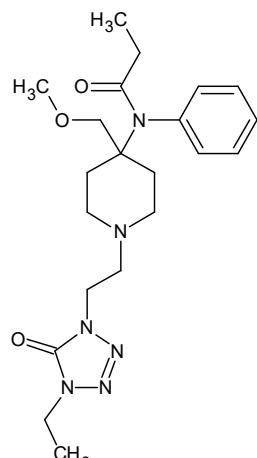
Fentanyl

336.22016



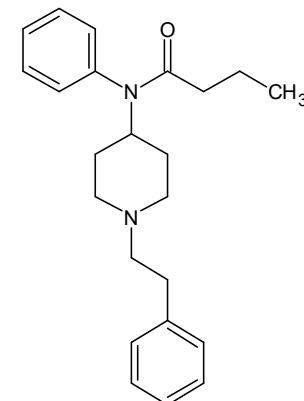
Acetyl Fentanyl

322.20451



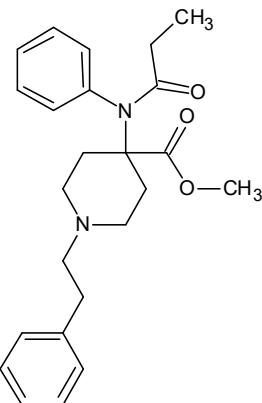
Alfentanil

416.25359

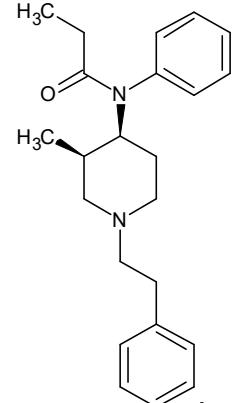


Butyryl fentanyl

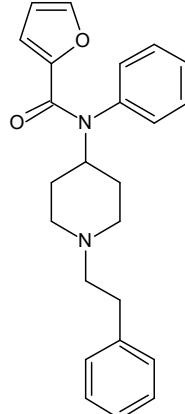
350.23581



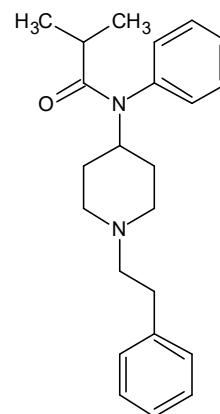
Carfentanil
394.22564



Cis-3-methyl
fentanyl
350.23581

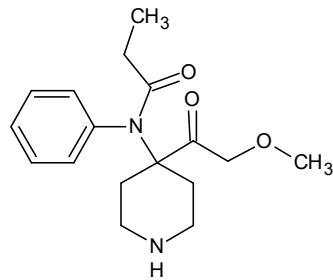


Furanyl fentanyl
374.19943



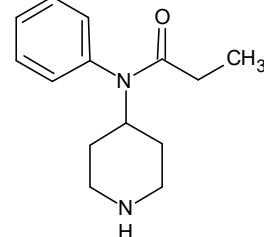
Isobutyryl fentanyl
350.23581

*Metabolite

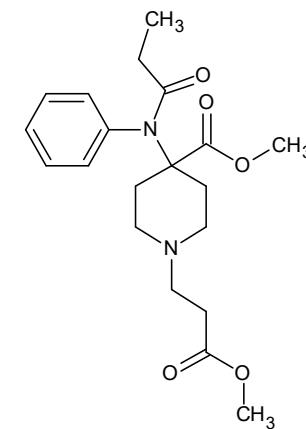


Norcarfentanyl
290.16304

*Metabolite

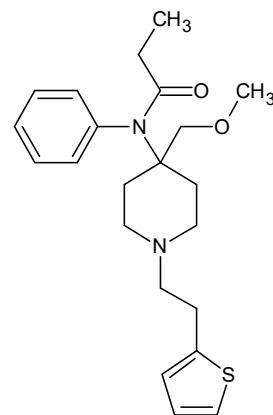


Norfentanyl
232.15756

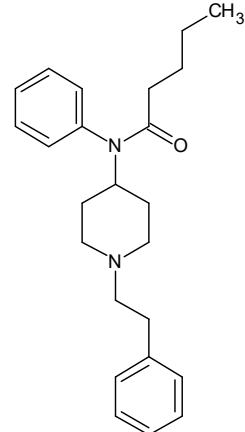


Remifentanyl
376.19982

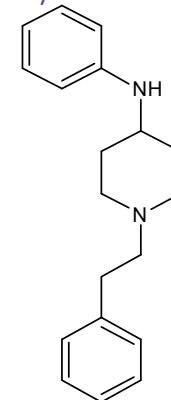
*Precursor/Metabolite



Sufentanyl
386.20280



Valeryl fentanyl
364.25146



4-ANPP
280.19395

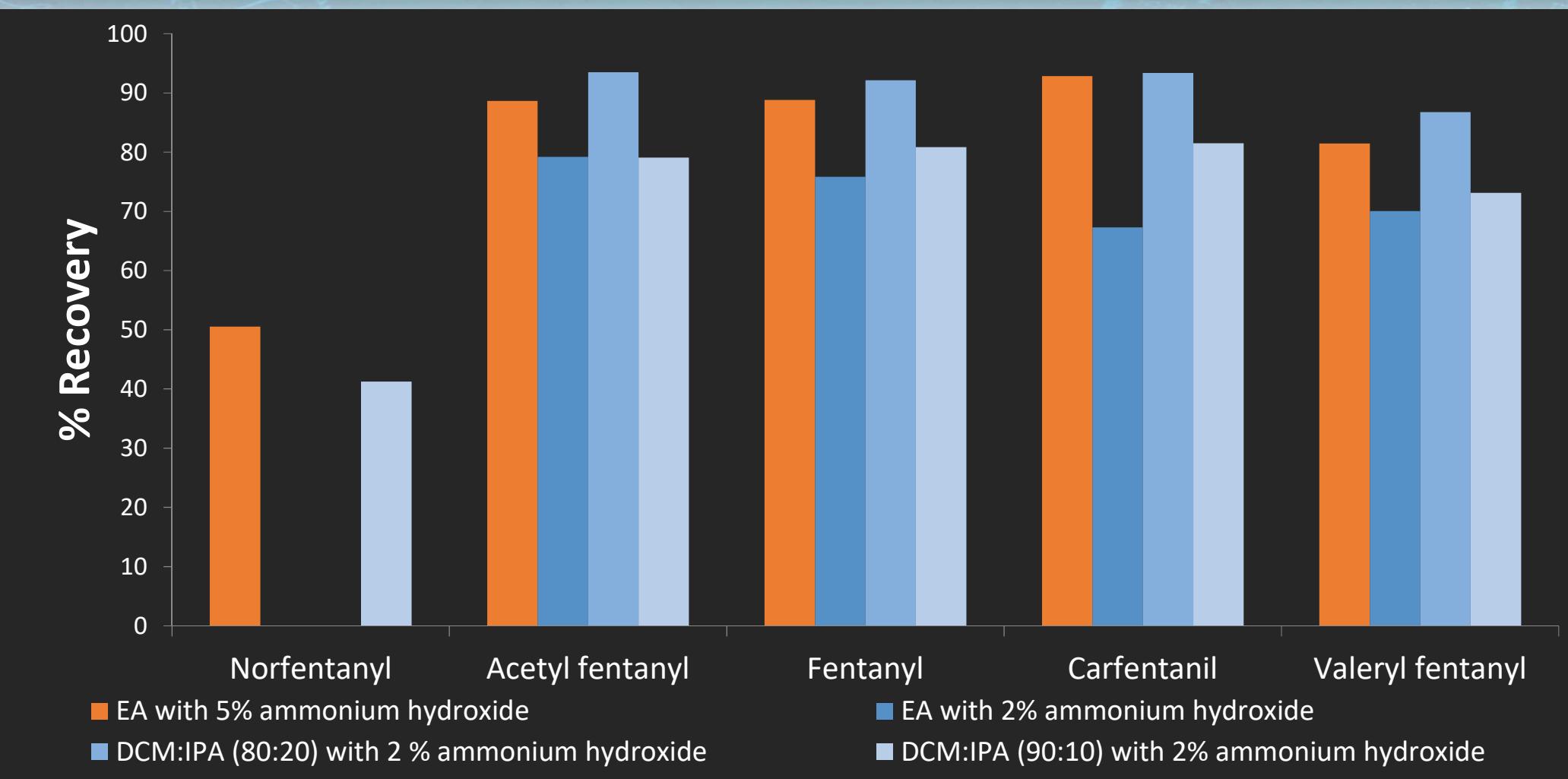
LC-QTOF Conditions

Agilent Technologies 1290 Infinity LC	
Column	Poroshell 120 EC-C18 (2.1 x 100mm x 2.7 µm)
Mobile Phase	A: 0.1% Formic Acid in water B: 0.1% Formic Acid in ACN
Flow Rate	0.400 mL/min
Agilent Technologies 6530 Accurate Mass time-of-flight MS	
Ionization Type	Electrospray ionization (ESI)-positive
Collision Energies	TOF Mode: 0 eV All Ions: 0, 10, 20 eV
Injection Volume	5 µL
Mass Range	100-1000 m/z

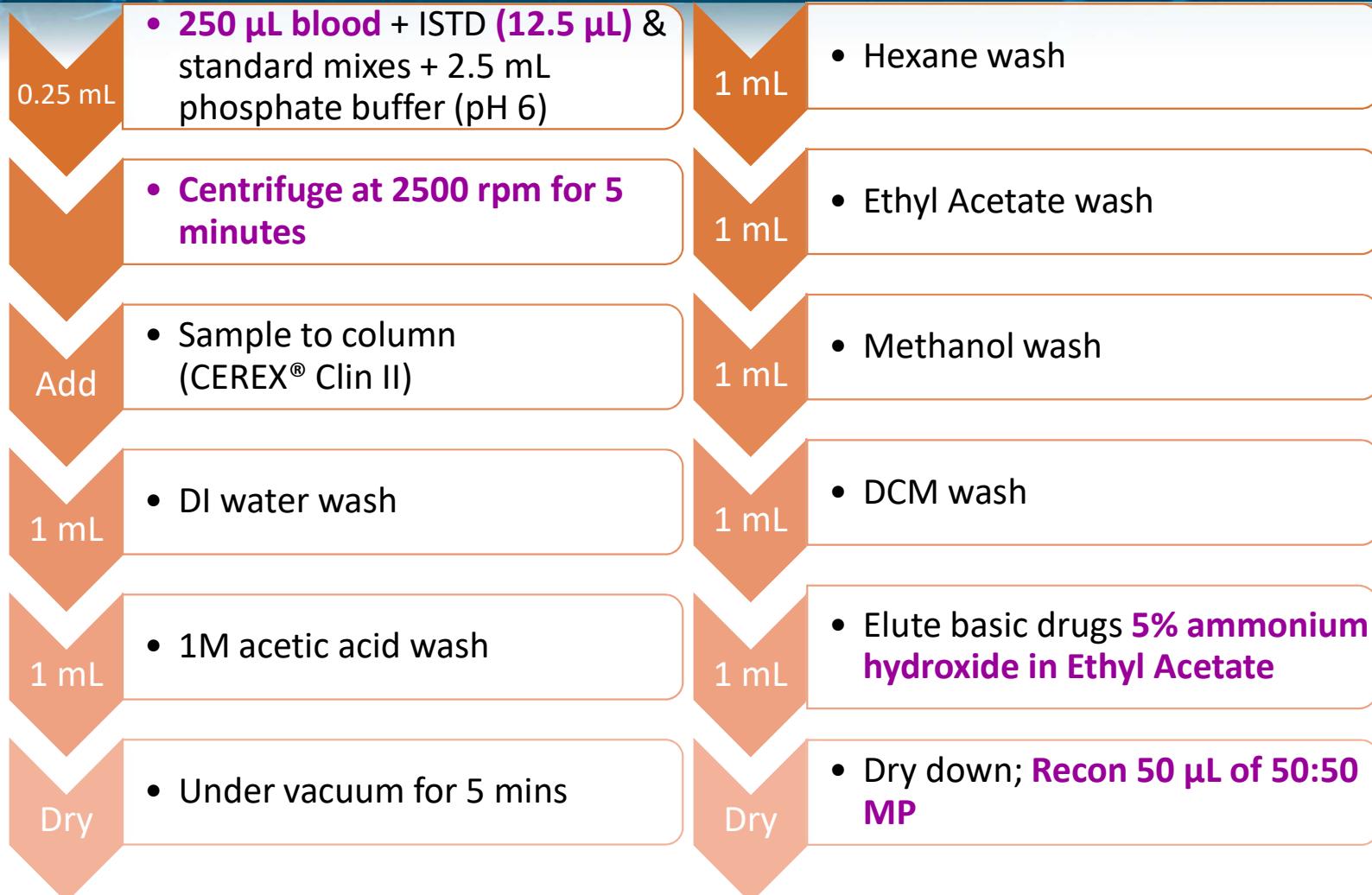
Method Development: Extraction

- Blood volume:
 - 0.25 mL vs. 0.50 mL
- Reconstitution volume:
 - 50, 100, 200 μ L
- Injection volume:
 - 2 μ L vs. 5 μ L
- **Assessment:** analyte response & peak shape

Method Development: Extraction



Extraction procedure



Personal Compound Database and Library (PCDL)

Single Search Results: 17 hits

	Compound Name	Formula	Mass	Anion	Cation	RT (min)	▲	CAS	ChemSpider	IUPAC Name	Num Spectra
	D5-Norfentanyl	C14H15D...	237.18895	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	2.385					4
	Norfentanyl	C14H20N...	232.15756	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	2.402					4
	Norcarfentanil	C16H22N...	290.16304	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	2.728					4
	Remifentanil	C20H28N...	376.19982	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	3.138					4
	Acetyl fentanyl	C21H26N...	322.20451	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	3.515					4
	Alfentanil	C21H32N...	416.25359	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	4.063					4
	4-ANPP	C19H24N2	280.19395	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	4.080					4
	D5-Fentanyl	C22H23D...	341.25155	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	4.165					4
	Fentanyl	C22H28...	336.22016	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	4.182					4
	Furanyl fentanyl	C24H26N...	374.19943	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	4.405					4
	D5-Carfentanil	C24H25D...	399.25703	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	4.730					4
	cis-methyl fentanyl	C23H30N...	350.23581	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	4.747					4
	Carfentanil	C24H30N...	394.22564	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	4.747					4
	Isobutyl fentanyl	C23H30N...	350.23581	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	4.850					4
	Butyl fentanyl	C23H30N...	350.23581	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	4.850					4
	Sufentanil	C22H30N...	386.20280	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	5.227					4
	Valeryl fentanyl	C24H32N...	364.25146	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	5.620					4

Personal Compound Database and Library (PCDL)

Single Search Batch Search Batch Summary Edit Compounds Spectral Search

Mass

Precursor ion:

Tolerance: 200 ppm mDa

Ion polarity: (Any) ▾

Ionization mode: (Any) ▾

Collision energy

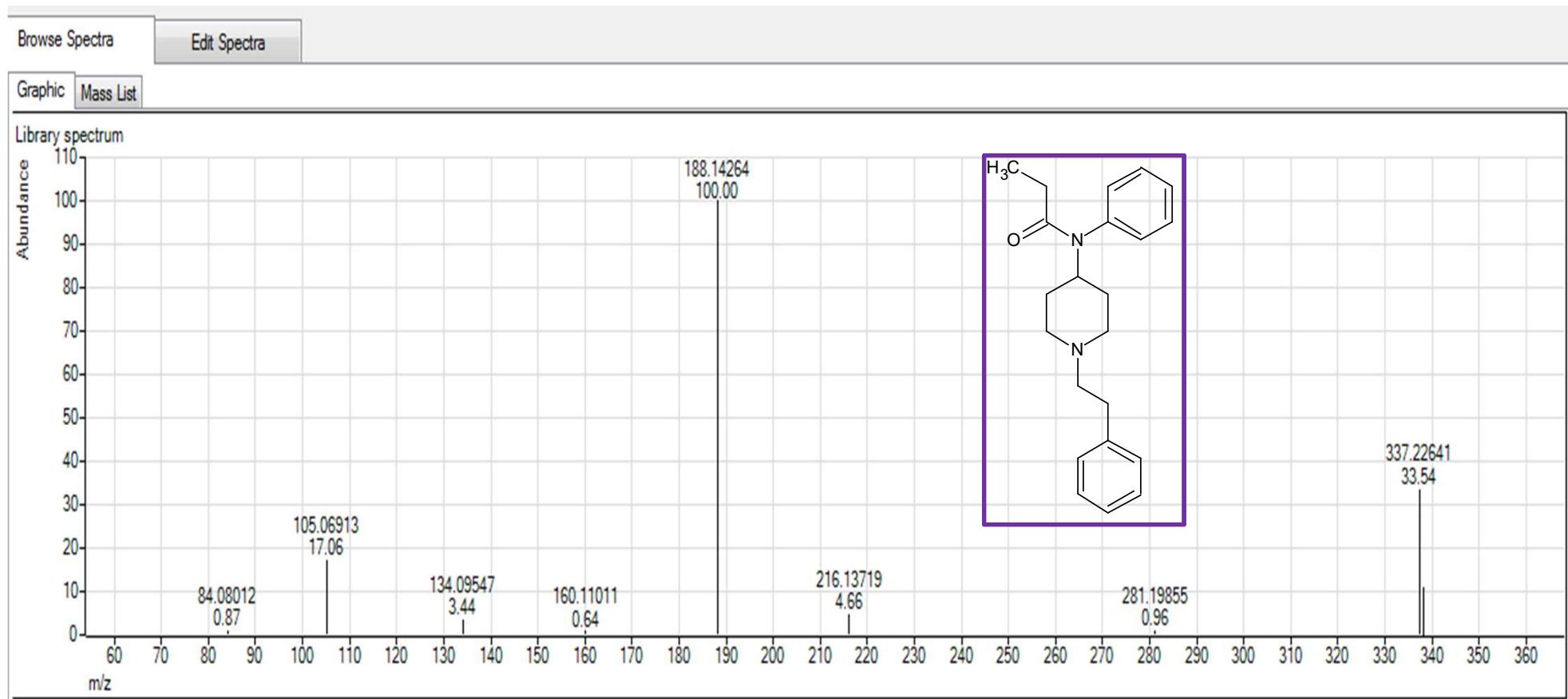
Tolerance: 2.0 eV

Spectra for compound: Fentanyl

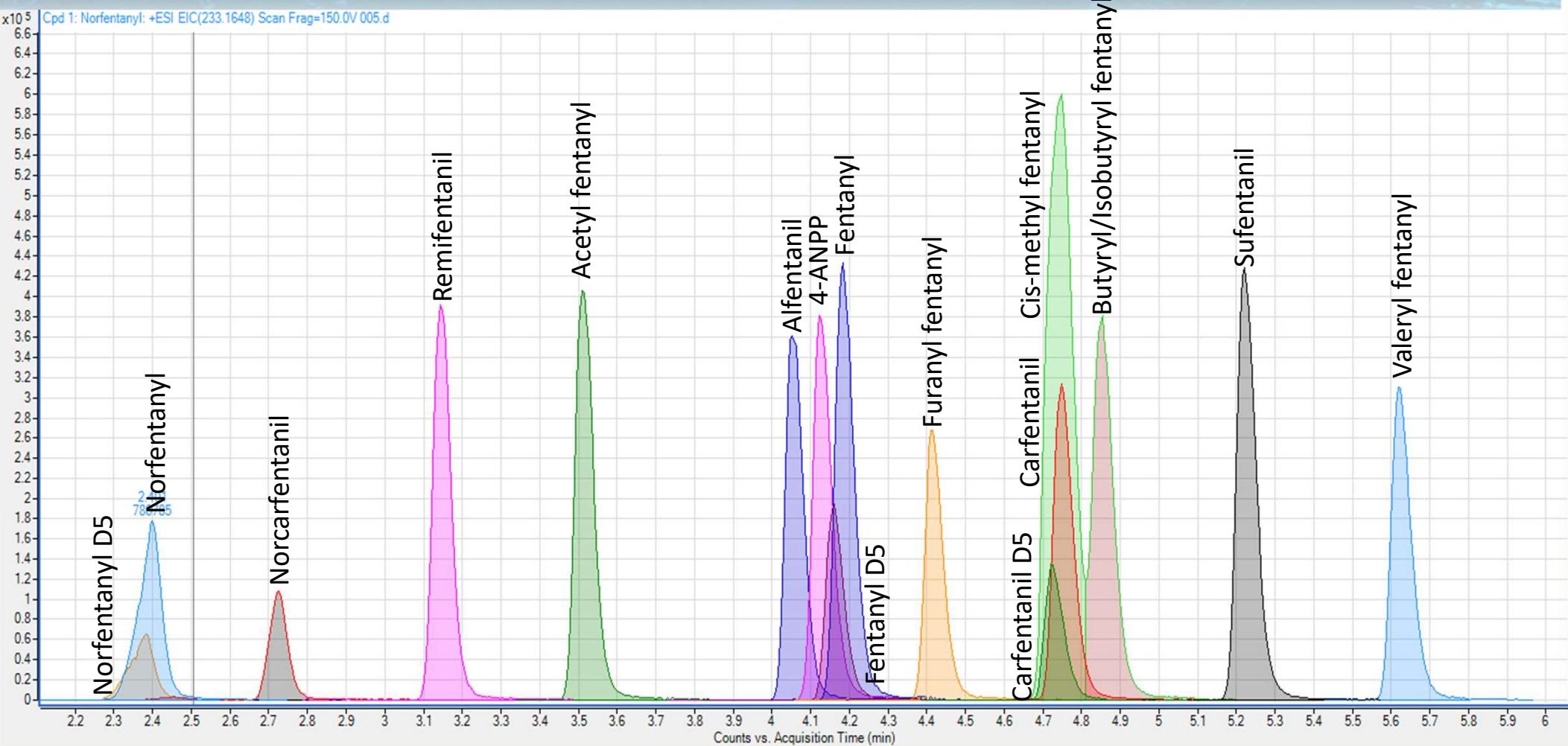
	Compound Name	Precursor Ion	Collision Energy	Ion Polarity	Ionization Mode	Instrument Type
	Fentanyl	337.22784		30 Positive	ESI	QTOF
▶	Fentanyl	337.22784		20 Positive	ESI	QTOF
	Fentanyl	337.22784		10 Positive	ESI	QTOF
	Fentanyl	337.22784		0 Positive	ESI	QTOF

Personal Compound Database and Library (PCDL)

- Fentanyl mass spectrum produced from 20 eV



Chromatography



Data Acquisition Modes

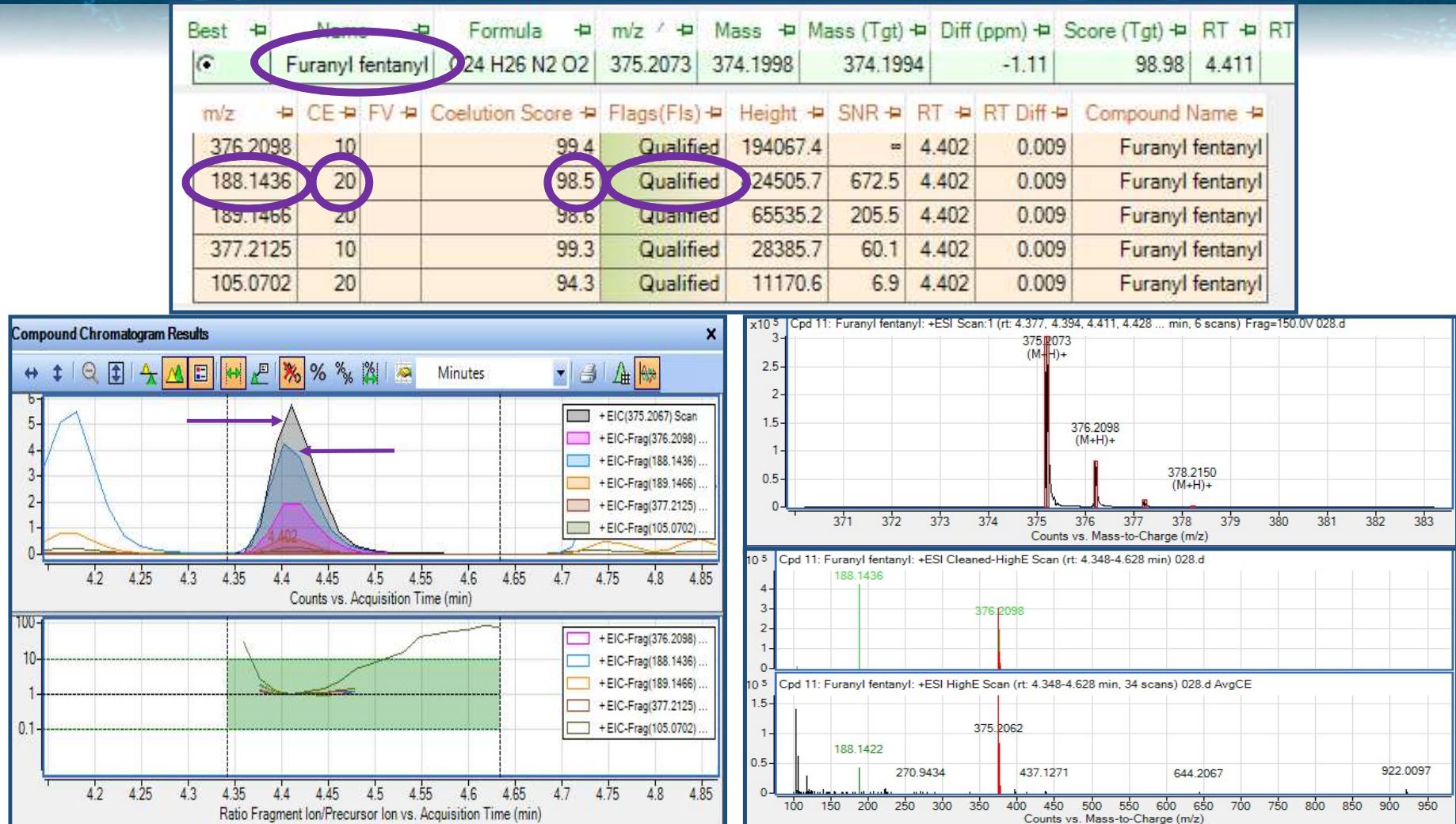
Time of Flight

- Presumptive
- Allows all ions to pass to the detector- no collision energies applied
- Precursor Ion determination
- “Qualify” based on:
 - **Formula matching parameters:**
 - ± 0.35 min from RT
 - ± 15 ppm Mass
 - Abs peak area $>10,000$ counts

All Ions Fragmentation

- Confirmatory
- Three collision energies applied
- Software pairs fragment ions to precursor ions
- **“Qualify” based on:**
 - **Formula matching parameters:**
 - Abs peak area $>5,000$
 - **Ion confirmation parameters:**
 - Co-elution Score >60
 - S/N > 3
 - Minimum number of ions: 2
 - ± 0.15 min from RT

All Ions Fragmentation



Method Validation: Limit of Detection

- LOD determined based on qualification parameters in MassHunter
 - Includes S/N >3
- TOF LODs: 0.1-0.5 ng/mL
- AIF LODs: 0.1-1.0ng/mL
- Overall, TOF mode has lower LOD than AIF mode

Analyte	TOF Mode	AIF Mode
Norfentanyl	0.5	>1.0
Norcarfentanyl	1.0	1.0
Remifentanyl	0.25	1.0
Acetyl Fentanyl	0.25	1.0
Alfentanyl	0.1	0.5
4-ANPP	0.1	>1.0
Fentanyl	0.1	1.0
Furanyl fentanyl	0.25	0.5
Carfentanyl	0.1	0.25
Cis-methyl fentanyl	0.25	0.1
Butyryl/Isobutyryl fentanyl	0.25	0.1
Sufentanyl	0.1	0.25
Valeryl fentanyl	0.1	0.1

Method Validation

- Method validated according to SWGTOX guidelines for a qualitative analysis

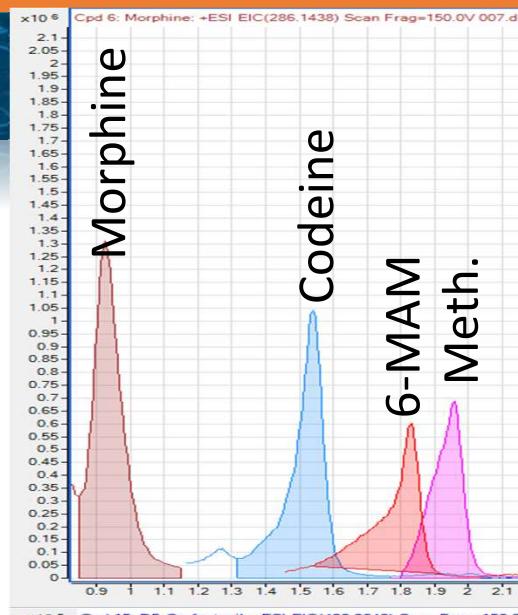
Recovery (%)	Matrix Effects (%)	Interferences/Carryover	24 hr Autosampler Stability (% Bias)	24 hr Refrigeration Stability (% Bias)
57.2-103.0	-35.2-14.4 Without nor-analytes: 1.0-14.4	None	-1.16-3.69	-10.46-18.10

Expansion of PCDL

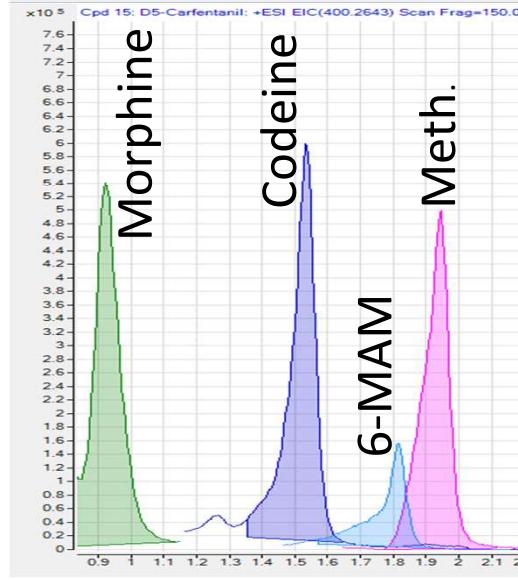
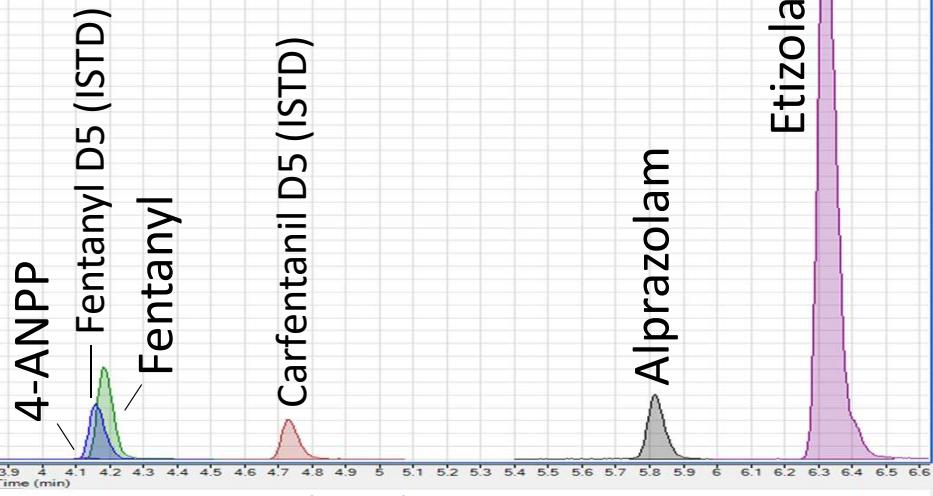
- Additional fentanyl analogs
 - 138 commercially available compounds
 - Unknown estimation based on mass
- Additional drugs of abuse
 - 93 compounds
 - Unknown determination based on mass, RT, and spectral information

Postmortem Blood Samples (n=32)

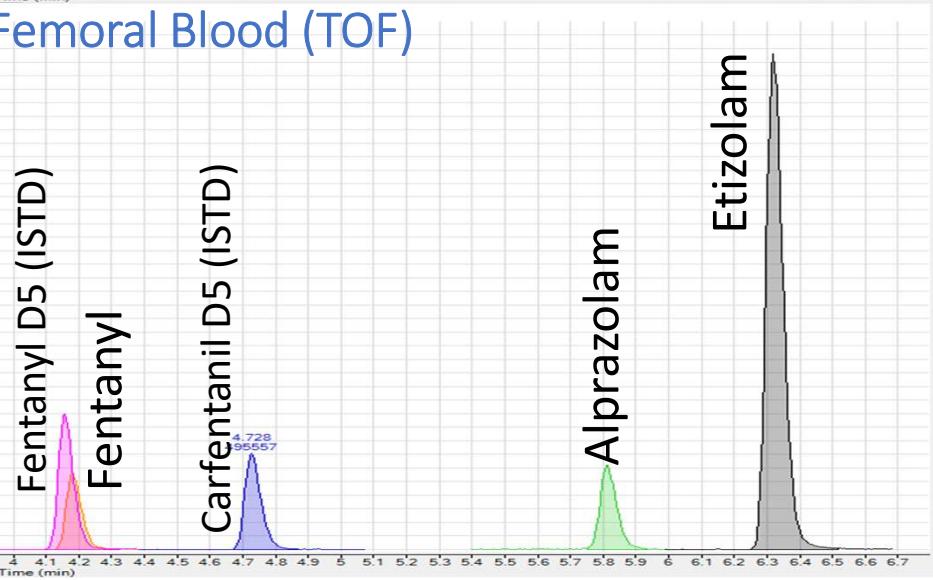
Fentanyl Analog	Number of Samples Detected	Other Drugs of Abuse	Number of Samples Detected
Furanyl fentanyl	16	U-47700	15
4-ANPP	16	Morphine	10
Cis-methyl fentanyl	4	Alprazolam	8
Fentanyl	4	Cocaine	7
Norfentanyl	2	Etizolam	5
Valeryl fentanyl	1	Oxycodone	5
		Mitragynine	4
		Cyclobenzaprine	4
		6-MAM	4
		Hydrocodone	2
		Codeine	2
		Methamphetamine	2
		Buprenorphine	1



Authentic Case Sample- Central Blood (TOF)



Authentic Case Sample- Femoral Blood (TOF)



Results

- Fentanyl analogs not detected by the submitting laboratory:
 - Valeryl fentanyl
 - Norfentanyl (presumptive)
 - 4-ANPP
- Some analytes not detected by present method
 - Presumptive detection based on mass in Expanded Fentalog PCDL
 - Addition of emerging analogs to PCDL

Conclusions

- This research represents a valid method for:
 - Extracting fentanyl analogs from whole blood using SPE
 - Screening for fentanyl analogs using LC-QTOF
 - Application to authentic postmortem case samples
- PCDL is beneficial for screening toxicological samples

Acknowledgments

- Sam Houston State University
Department of Forensic Science
- Research Advisor: Dr. Madeleine
Swortwood
- Research Team: Christina & Michael
- Forensic Science Foundation- Lucas
Grant Award
- Colleagues assisting with safety,
supervision, and instrumentation





Thank you!
Email: kbp018@shsu.edu